

Products for Secondary Battery Production and Testing

Secondary Battery Production Process

produce slurry for positive and negative process electrodes. Electrode slurry are applied to an electrode collector and then dried. **Electrode coating** 1-1 Battery Dry Chamber The electrode is compressed in a rolling process 1-2 Vacuum Oven press to increase the density, and the electrode roll is dried. The electrode roll is cut into required width and length, and positive electrode, binder, and negative electrode layers are applied. **Cell assembly** Contact terminals from which electrical process energy is charged and discharged are attached to it, and the device is stored in a casing to form a cell. The assembled cell is dried in the final drying process, and an electrolyte is **Immersion process** injected in the cell for impregnation. Gaskets and gas emission valve are set, and the cell is sealed with a lid. The cell is aged under a high temperature. Aging 1-3 Walk-In Type Temperature Chamber Cell complete 2-1 Advanced Battery Tester Inspection 3-1 Temperature Chamber for Charge-Discharge Testina Module complete 3-2 Bench-top Type Temperature (& Humidity) Chamber 3-3 Constant Climate Cabinet 3-4 Airborne Test Chamber for Batteries 3-5 Temperature & Vibration Inspection Combined Environmental Test Chamber 4-1 Advanced Safety Tester 4-2 Nail (Penetration)/Crush Test System Evaluation/ 4-3 External Short Circuit Test System **Test** 4-4 Environmental Stress Chamber

Electrode blending

Materials are blended and processed to

Test method for Secondary Battery

Test method	Standard	Conditions	Compliant product
Altitude (low-pressure) test	UN3481 PSE	Pressure: 11.6 kPa or less Temperature: 20°C (±5°C) Duration: 6 hours	Vacuum Oven Airborne Test Chamber for Batteries
	UL1642	Pressure: 11.6 kPa or less Temperature: 20°C (±3°C) Duration: 6 hours	
Temperature test	UN3480 UN3481	Temperature: 6 hours at 75°C (\pm 2°C), then temperature pull down to -40 °C (\pm 2°C) within 30 minutes. Hold the specimen for 6 hours. Repeat the cycle 10 times, then let the specimen hold for 24 hours at 20°C (\pm 5°C).	Faster Temperature Chamber Rapid-Rate Thermal Cycle Chamber Thermal Shock Chamber
	UL1642	Increase the temperature from 20°C (± 5 °C) to 130°C (± 2 °C) at 5°C/min. (± 2 °C) and hold for 10 minutes.	Temperature Chamber Environmental Stress Chamber Faster Temperature Chamber Rapid-Rate Thermal Cycle Chamber
		Cycle: To 70°C ($\pm 3^{\circ}\text{C}$) within 30 minutes. Hold for 4 hours. Pull the temperature down to 20°C ($\pm 3^{\circ}\text{C}$) within 30 minutes, hold for 2 hours. Pull the temperature down to -40°C ($\pm 3^{\circ}\text{C}$) within 30 minutes, hold for 4 hours. Heat the temperature up to 20°C ($\pm 3^{\circ}\text{C}$) within 30 minutes hold for 4 hours. Repeat the above cycle 10 times, and then let the specimen hold for 24 hours.	Environmental Stress Chamber Faster Temperature Chamber Rapid-Rate Thermal Cycle Chamber Thermal Shock Chamber
	JIS8712 PSE	Keep the product for 7 hours at 70°C (±2°C). Remove from the chamber, and leave in an environment of 20°C (±5°C).	Temperature Chamber Large Volume Temperature Chamber Constant Climate Cabinet
		Cycle: Hold for 4 hours at 75°C ($\pm 2^{\circ}$ C). Pull the temperature down to 20°C ($\pm 5^{\circ}$ C) within 30 minutes, hold for 2 hours. Pull the temperature down to -20°C ($\pm 2^{\circ}$ C) within 30 minutes, hold for 4 hours. Heat the temperature up to 20°C ($\pm 5^{\circ}$ C) within 30 minutes, hold for 2 hours. Repeat the above cycle 5 times, then let the specimen hold for 7 days.	Platinous Series Temperature Chamber Environmental Stress Chamber Faster Temperature Chamber Bench-Top Type Temperature Chamber Rapid-Rate Thermal Cycle Chamber Thermal Shock Chamber
	JIS8712 JIS8714	Increase the temperature to 130°C (± 2 °C) at 5°C/min. (± 2 °C) and hold for 10 minutes.	Temperature Chamber Environmental Stress Chamber Faster Temperature Chamber Rapid-Rate Thermal Cycle Chamber
Vibration test	UN3480 UN3481	Make the specimen vibrate within the frequency range from 7 to 200 Hz, 12 times in 3 hours. Vibration shall occur in 3 directions perpendicular to each other.	Temperature & Vibration
	UL1642 UL2054 PSE	Vary the frequency within 10 to 55 Hz range, at a rate of 1 Hz/min. Vibration shall occur in 3 directions perpendicular to each other.	Combined Environmental Test Chamber
Impact test	UN3480 UN3481	Drop a rod (diameter of 15.8 mm and weight of 9.1kg) to the center of a cell from a height of 61cm (±2.5 cm), and hold the specimen for 6 hours.	Advanced Safety Tester Temperature Chamber
	UL1642 UL2054	Drop a rod (diameter of 15.8 mm and weight of 9.1kg) to the center of a cell from a height of 61 cm (±2.5 cm).	Large Volume Temperature Chamber

According to in-house research as of December, 2014.

Test method for Secondary Battery

Test method	Standard	Conditions	Compliant product	
External short circuit	UN3480 UN3481	Connect the specimen at 55°C (±2°C) with a resistance of 0.1 Ω to make a short circuit.		
	JIS8712 UL1642 UL2054	Connect the specimen at 20°C (±5°C) and 55°C (±5°C) with a resistance of 80 m Ω (±20 m Ω) to make a short circuit.	Advanced Safety Tester	
	JIS8714 PSE	Electrical cell: Connect the specimen at 55°C (± 5 °C) with a resistance of 80 m Ω (± 20 m Ω) to make a short circuit.	External Short Circuit Test System	
		Battery pack: Connect the specimen at 20°C (±5°C) with a resistance of 80 m Ω (±20 m Ω) to make a short circuit.		
Crush test	UL1642 UL2054 JIS8712 JIS8714 PSE	Between 2 flat plates, apply pressure at 13kN (±1KN).	Advanced Safety Tester	
	UN3480 UN3481	Between 2 flat plates, apply pressure at 13kN (±0.78KN) .	Crush Test System	
Forced internal short circuit test	JIS8714 PSE	Implant a nickel platelet into a battery. Apply pressure to the embedded area at 10°C and 45°C (±2°C). (Upper limit value: 800 N or 400 N).		
Overcharge test	UL1642 UL2054	At 20°C (±5°C), charge (3C) the specimen with three-times the rated current and power for a minimum of seven hours.		
	JIS8712 PSE	At 20°C (±5°C), power the specimen until it reaches 250% of the rated capacity or the test voltage.		
Over discharge test	UL1642 UL2054	Connect a cell after being discharged and a cell after being charged in a series and short circuit by connecting 80 m Ω (±20 m Ω) of resistance	Advanced Safety Tester	
	JIS8712 PSE	At 20°C (±5°C), reverse charge the specimen for 90 minutes.		
High-rate charge test	JIS8712 PSE	Temperature: at 20°C (±5°C). Charge the product with a current 3 times higher than the maximum charging current.		
Continuous and stable voltage charge test	JIS8712 PSE	Charge the product at 20°C (±5°C) for 28 days under designed constant-voltage charge condition.	Advanced Safety Tester	
Overcharge protection function test	JIS8712 PSE	Perform the test at 20°C (±5°C) according to stipulated method.		
Drop test	JIS8712 PSE	Drop the specimen from a height of 1 m at 20°C (±5°C).	Advanced Safety Tester	
Device drop test	JIS8714 PSE	Drop the product from a prescribed height at 20°C (±5°C).	Walk-In Type Temperature Chamber	

According to in-house research as of December, 2014.

Test method for Vehicle Secondary Battery

Test method	Standard	Conditions	Compliant product
High temperature test	IEC62660-2	130°C, 30 minutes (heat-up 5°C/min)	Temperature Chamber Environmental Stress Chamber Faster Temperature Chamber Rapid-Rate Thermal Cycle Chamber
Thermal cycle	ISO12405-1,-2 IEC62660-2 UN ECE R100.02 Part II	-40°C/85°C (temperature change within 30 min), 5 cycles -40°C/85°C, 30 cycles -40°C/60°C (temperature change within 30 min), 5 cycles	Environmental Stress Chamber Thermal Shock Chamber
Storage test	ISO12405-1,-2 IEC62660-1	45°C, 28 or 42 days	Platinous Series Temperature Chamber Bench-Top Type Temperature Chamber Compact Ultra Low Temperature Chamber
Dew condensation test	ISO12405-1,-2	Run the temperature and humidity test pattern that conforms to IEC 60068-2-30 for 5 cycles	Platinous Series Temperature Chamber Environmental Stress Chamber Faster Temperature Chamber
Cycle life test	IEC62660-1 ISO12405-1 ISO12405-2	45°C charge/discharge cycle Room temperature charge/discharge cycle –10°C charge/discharge cycle	
Performance test	ISO12405-1,-2	Run the charging/discharging test by various methods between –18°C to 45°C. Measure the power at high and low temperatures and calculate the internal resistance and energy efficiency. Also includes cycle life tests.	
Output test	IEC62660-1	−20°C, 0°C, 25°C, 40°C Voltage measurements after specified charge/discharge	Advanced Battery Tester
Overcharge test	UL2580 ISO12405-1 ISO12405-2 IEC62660-2 UN ECE R100.02 Part II	25°C, Maximum charging current 25°C, 5C 25°C, 2C 25°C, 1C(BEV), 5C(HEV) 20°C, 1/3 C or greater, standard charging current or less	Advanced Safety Tester
Forced discharge test	UL2580 ISO12405-1 ISO12405-2 IEC62660-2 UN ECE R100.02 Part II	95% of the current value that will cause the protection function to activate After full charge, 1 C, maximum 90 minutes After full charge, 1/3 C, maximum 90 minutes After full discharge, 1 C, 90 minutes 20°C, 1/3 C or greater, standard discharging current or less	
External short circuit test	UL2580 ISO12405-1 ISO12405-2 IEC62660-2 UN ECE R100.02 Part I	25°C, 20 mΩ or less Room temperature, 60 to 100 mΩ Room temperature, 10 to 20 mΩ Room temperature, 5 mΩ or less 20°C, 5 mΩ or less	Advanced Safety Tester External Short Circuit Test System
Vibration test	UL2580 Conforms to SAE J2380 ISO12405-1,-2 Maximum 200 Hz, 12 to 21 h, -40°C, 25°C, 75°C Maximum 2 kHz, 27.8 m/s², 8 h, 25°C 7 to 50 Hz, 20°C		Temperature & Vibration Combined Environmental Test
Impact test	UL2580 ISO12405-1,-2 IEC62660-2 25 G, 18 times, conforms to SAE J2464 50 G, 10 times/direction, 25°C		Chamber
Nail penetration test	SAND2005-3123 SAE J2464	Nail diameter ø3 mm (cell), ø20 mm (pack), 80 mm/s	Advanced Safety Tester Nail (Penetration) Test System
Crush test	UL2580 UN ECE R100.02 Part II IEC62660-2 SAND2005-3123	Corrugated plate jig, maximum 100±6kN Corrugated plate jig, 100 to 105kN (to 100kN within 3 minutes) ø150 mm circular (semicircular) jig, pressure 1000-times the cell weight	Advanced Safety Tester Crush Test System

According to in-house research as of December, 2014.

China GB Standards — Safety Testing and Related Products

Test method	Standard	Conditions	Compliant product	
	6.2.2/6.3.2 Over discharge	After charging, 1 C discharge, 90 minutes		
	6.2.3/6.3.3 Overcharge	After charging, 1 C charge, Cell: Rated upper voltage limit / Module: 1.5 times the rated upper voltage limit of any cell or 1 hr		
	6.2.4/6.3.4 After charging, Short circuit at 5 m Ω or less short-circuit resistance, 10 minutes			
GB/T 31485-2015	6.2.6/6.3.6 Heating	After charging, Heat to 130°C at 5°C per minute, Hold for 30 minutes	Advanced Safety Tester	
Safety Requirements and Test Methods for Traction Batteries for Electric Vehicles 6.2: Cell	6.2.7/6.3.7 Crush	After charging, Crush using ø75mm semi-cylindrical jig, Crush speed: 5 ±1 mm/s, Cell: Crush to 100 kN or up to 30% Module: Crush pressure of 1000 times the battery weight	Advanced Salety Testel	
6.3: Module	6.2.8/6.3.8 Nail penetration	After charging, Cell: Nail penetration using ø5 to ø8 mm nail, Penetration speed: 25 ±5 mm/s Module: Nail penetration using ø6 to ø10 mm nail, Penetration speed: 25 ±5 mm/s, Three-cell penetration		
	6.2.10/6.3.10 Thermal cycle	After charging, 25°C \rightarrow -40°C \rightarrow 25°C \rightarrow 85°C \rightarrow 25°C, 5 cycles	Platinous Series Temperature Chamber Walk-In Type Temperature Chamber	
	6.2.11/6.3.11 Low pressure	After charging, Hold below room temperature at 11.6 kPa or less for 6 hours	Low Pressure Low Temperature Chamber	
	7.1 Vibration	Three directions, 5 to 200 Hz, 21 hours in each direction	Temperature & Vibration Combined Environmental Test Chamber	
	7.6 Crush	After charging, Crush using ø75mm semi-cylindrical jig, Crush to 100 kN or up to 30%	Advanced Safety Tester	
	7.7 Temperature shock	After charging, −40 ±2°C ⇔ 85 ±2°C for 5 cycles, Temperature change within 30 minutes	Large Capacity Thermal Shock Chamber	
	7.8 Temperature/ humidity cycle	After charging, 20°C ⇔ 80°C 95% rh for 5 cycles	Walk-In Type Temperature & Humidity Chamber	
GB/T 31467.3-2015 Lithium-ion battery pack and system for	7.12 High altitude	After charging, after holding at atmospheric pressure of 4000 m above sea level for 5 hours, 1 C discharge	Low Pressure Low Temperature Chamber	
electric vehicles Third part: Safety Requirements and Testing Methods	7.13 Overtemperature protection	Charge-Discharge test at at rated maximum temperature in BCU operation state		
resumg Methods	7.14 Short circuit protection	External short circuit at rated maximum temperature in BCU operation state, 20 m Ω or less, 10 minutes		
	7.15 Overcharge protection	1 C charge in BCU operation state, Stop at 1.2 times the rated upper limit voltage, SOC 130%, or the rated upper limit temperature +5°C	Advanced Safety Tester	
	7.16 Over discharge protection	1 C discharge (Max. 400 A) in BCU operation state, 30 minutes or more, Stop at 25% the lower limit of total voltage or the rated upper limit temperature +5°C		

According to in-house research as of October, 2017.

1-1 Battery Dry Chamber

Rechargeable Li-ion batteries are classified as non-aqueous electrolyte batteries.

During the production process, a solvent of active material is applied to the collector and then dried. However, moisture in the anode and cathode of the rechargeable battery affects its quality.

The Battery Dry Chamber makes it possible to shorten the time required for solution drying and moisture removal.

High-temperature treatment performed under vacuum or inert gas conditions avoids workpiece oxidation while achieving superior drying performance. Processing is performed at a temperature that is suitable for drying of cathode roll, anode roll, and separator workpieces.

Special specifications can be provided to suit workpiece size and processing volume requirements, and jigs are available for workpiece support, etc.



Battery Dry Chamber

Features

Shorter drying time

Equipment performance has been improved to shorten the time required for workpiece heat-up and cool-down.

For example a cooling function is equipped to lower the workpiece to normal temperature so it can be removed.

Improved temperature control

More uniform workpiece heat distribution improves heat distribution performance during temperature exposure even in a vacuum, which further improves workpiece drying quality.

Workpiece oxidation prevention

To prevent workpiece oxidation during hightemperature treatment, inert gas is introduced into a vacuum to prevent oxidation of the collector.



Test area

Performance	Temp. range	+3	30°C to +250°C	
renomiance	Pressure range	933	8×10 ² to 1×10 ² Pa	
Inside capac	ity	500 to 2000 L		
Operating mode		Program Constant	20patterns 99-steps	

1-2 Vacuum Oven

Under low pressure environment,

specimens dry at lower temperature and boiling point is also lower, which reduces stress on specimens.

Furthermore, the vacuum and N₂ gas exchange modes enable drying of oxidation-averse specimens, as well as drying and heat treatment within a clean environment by eliminating impurities in the chamber through repeated heat treatments or gas exchanges.





Vacuum Oven

Features

- The vacuum chamber features doublelayered construction. A heater on the exterior of the test area minimizes heat loss and improves temperature uniformity.
- There are five operation ion modes available to select the pressure control.
 - A wide variety of programs can be designed by combining constant-temperature operation and programmed operations.
- Oxygen inside the chamber can be eliminated by replacing it with N₂ gas, preventing oxidation

- during the drying operation. In addition, a high-precision environment can be created by repeatedly performing the exchanges.
- This mode also removes organic substances in addition to preventing oxidation, reducing the impact on specimens.
- Air-tightness and insulation capacity have a significant impact not only on temperature control but also on pressure control. Through improvement of these properties, the VAC-101 achieves up to 40% energy savings.

Model		VAC-101P	VAC-201P	VAC-301P		
	Temperature range	+40 to +200°C				
4	Pressure range		933×10 ² to 1×10 ² Pa			
ance	Ambient pressure *1		Less than 133 Pa			
oerformance	Pull-down time *1	From atmospheric pressure to 133 Pa				
berf	Full-down time 1	Within 7 min.	Within 15 min.	Within 30 min.		
	Atmospheric	Inlet open to atmosphere				
	pressure recovery time *2	Within 4 min.	Within 8 min.	Within 15 min.		
Effe	ective internal volume	91L	216L	512L		
Effective internal dimensions		W450×H450×D450 mm W600×H600×D600 mm		W800×H800×D800 mm		
Outside dimensions *3		W902×H1392×D780 mm	W1052×H1532×D930 mm	W1252×H1772×D1130 mm		
Pre	ssure operation modes	Automated, Continuous, Open to atmosphere, Gas exchange, Ventilation				

^{*1} Fixed temperature inside the chamber, vacuum pump connected with exhaust speed of more than 200L/min. and ultimate pressure of 13×10⁻² Pa or less, no gases emitted from specimen.

^{*2} Recovery time to atmospheric pressure (1013×102 Pa) to 1010×102 Pa, recovery time may fluctuate depending on atmospheric pressure.

^{*3} Excluding protrusions.

1-3 Walk-In Type Temperature Chamber with Safety Devices

The need for large-volume production of rechargeable batteries has grown along with the increase in the use of hybrid automobiles. This makes it necessary to find ways to perform time-consuming processes in a way that treats a large number of units with a single operation.

The Walk-in Type Temperature Chamber with Safety Devices enables one-step large-volume processing of even large rechargeable EV batteries. This chamber really shines when it comes to charge-discharge testing and aging processing.

In addition, a number of safety mechanisms are built in for safe charge-discharge evaluation and other testing that presents the risk of fire due to gas leaking from a rechargeable battery.



Walk-In Type Temperature Chamber with Safety Devices

Features

- A walk-in configuration makes it possible to wheel specimens directly into and out of the chamber without removing them from the cart. This capability is especially useful when testing large, heavy rechargeable EV batteries.
- Gas leaking from a rechargeable battery is detected by a gas detector. When gas is detected, outside air is introduced through a ventilation damper to reduce gas concentration. This device consists of a two-step detection and alarm system. Stage 1 is triggered whenever gas density reaches a preset alert point, and Stage 2 is triggered whenever gas density exceeds that point.
- Whenever flame is emitted from a rechargeable battery (due to abnormal overheating), a CO2 fire extinguisher can be activated to automatically extinguish it. Operation is also shut down at the same time.
- Whenever pressure rises above explosion level, the ceiling comes off to release pressure. A punching metal frame prevents thermal insulation from scattering in the case of explosion.

Safety devices

- Pressure relief vent
- H₂ & Co₂ gas detection alarm circuit
- Air intake/exhaust damper
- · Reinforced door
- CO₂ fire extinguisher
- External alarm input/output terminal

Example of customized specifications

Sys	tem	Balanced Temp. Control System (BTC System)
	Temp. range	−40 to +80°C
φ	Temp. fluctuation	± 0.3°C
Performance	Temp. heat up time	-40°C to +80°C within 60 min. (with no load, no specimen)
Perf	Temp. pull down time	+20°C to -40°C within 180 min. +20°C to -30°C within 120 min. (with no load, no specimen)
Inside dimensions		W2500 × H2100 × D1970 mm
Out	side dimensions	W4095 × H2675 × D2783 mm (excluding protrusions)

- * Contact ESPEC concerning test space, specifications, etc.
- * This chamber can be customized to meet customers' testing requirements.

2-1 Advanced Battery Tester

Combining charge-discharge power supplies and a test area within a single structure, the Advanced Battery Tester marks a new style in charge-discharge testing.

Select an optimal system based on battery capacity, shape, number, and other requirements.

Features

Card edge connectors

Power supply to battery connection is completed simply by setting batteries in a battery holder equipped with a card edge connector, and inserting the connector into the slot at the back of the inner chamber.

Even temperature distribution with batteries in position

Taking into consideration factors like battery holder position and battery arrangement, the test area is designed to create an even temperature environment with air circulating horizontally - air blows in from the side in stacked-chamber models and from the back in single-chamber models.

Battery holders match battery shapes for easy setup

Battery holders are available for coin, cylindrical, rectangular, and laminated cells, as well as to suit charge-discharge conditions.

Impedance measurement (option)

When the tester is in a standby state during the charge-discharge cycle, it is possible to perform impedance measurement (sweep measurement/fixed point measurement).

As it is possible to make continuous measurements without moving batteries, highly reliable data can be obtained.



Advanced Battery Tester

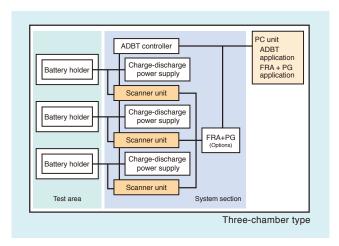




Battery holder for cylindrical cells

Battery holder for laminated cells

System configuration



Options

- Test area safety specifications
 - Heat detector
 Smoke detector
 - Signal tower
 CO₂ fire extinguisher
 - · Pressure discharge vent, etc.
- Impedance measurement function
- · Auto calibration board

System types

Туре		Three-chamber type	Two-chamber type	Single-chamber type	Wide single-chamber type	
Interior dimensions (mm)		W 510 H 400 × 3 chambers D 400	W 510 H 400 x 2 chambers D 400	W 640 H 850 D 544	W 1110 H 850 D 544	
Outside dimen	Outside dimensions (mm)		W 950 H 2022 D 1300	W 950 H 1522 D 1300	W1250 H 1875 D 1560	W 1720 H 1875 D 1560
ADBT-5-1 5 V, 1 A		72ch (24ch/chamber)	48ch (24ch/chamber)	72ch	144ch	
	5 V, 10 A		72ch (24ch/chamber)	48ch (24ch/chamber)	72ch	144ch
	ADBT-5-10	5 V, 16 A	36ch (12ch/chamber)	24ch (12ch/chamber)	36ch	72ch
Standard		5 V, 32 A	18ch (6ch/chamber)	12ch (6ch/chamber)	18ch	36ch
		5 V, 50 A	24ch (8ch/chamber)	16ch (8ch/chamber)	24ch	48ch
	ADBT-5-50	5 V, 80 A	12ch (4ch/chamber)	8ch (4ch/chamber)	12ch	24ch
	5 V, 160		6ch (2ch/chamber)	4ch (2ch/chamber)	6ch	12ch
High-speed High-current	ADBT-5-100 to ADBT-5-1600	5 V, 100 A to 1600 A	Please contact ESPEC or your dealer regarding chamber combinations.			ombinations.

Example of customized specifications

Model		Standard			High-speed High-current
		ADBT-5-1	ADBT-5-10	ADBT-5-50	ADBT-5-400
Control range			−40°C to	+100°C	
Test area	Temperature distribution				
Output valtage	Setting range		0 to 5000	mV (5V)	
Output voltage	Output accuracy		±0.1% of F.S.		±0.03% of F.S.
Output current	Setting range	0 to 1 mA 0 to 10 mA 0 to 100 mA 0 to 1000 mA/1 A	0 to 100 mA 0 to 1000 mA/1 A 0 to 10000 mA/10 A	0 to 500 mA 0 to 5000 mA/5 A 0 to 50000 mA/50 A	0 to 50 A 0 to 200 A 0 to 400 A
	Output accuracy		±0.03% of F.S.		
	Charge-discharge switching time	within 100 msec			within 5 msec
Outrout manage	Setting range	0 to 5 W	0 to 50 W	0 to 250 W	0 to 2000 W
Output power	Output accuracy	±0.2% of F.S.			±0.08% of F.S.
Parallel connection	2 units		16 A	80 A	
function	4 units	——— 32 A		160 A	
Measurement	Current/Voltage	Current: 1 point	per channel / Voltage (specimen edge): 1 poin	t per channel
points	Temperature	1 point p	er channel	2 points per channel	1point per channel
	Pulse width (Min.)		1 sec		10 msec
Pulse mode	Number of pulse (Max.)		5000 data		60000 data × 10 patterns

 $^{^{\}star}$ Requires separate battery holder for use with parallel connection.

3-1 Temperature Chamber for Charge-Discharge Testing

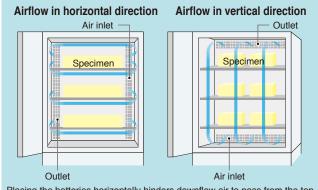
The Temperature Chamber for Charge-Discharge Testing is specially designed for safety and can be used for small to large automotive batteries.

Features

- Selection of horizontal or vertical airflow according to the shape and quantity of batteries allows for optimal temperature uniformity.
- Safety functions are standard in case of emergency. (Large pressure relief vent, emergency stop switch, screw-type door lock)
- Ontinuous operation at +25°C and above is possible without defrosting.
- Combined use with charge-discharge systems from various companies is possible.



Temperature Chamber for Charge-Discharge Testing



Placing the batteries horizontally hinders downflow air to pass from the top. Using airflow in a horizontal direction will improve temperature uniformity.

Specifications

Model	BTC-408Hb	BTC-408Vb	BTC-655Hb	BTC-655Vb	
Airflow direction	Airflow in horizontal direction	Airflow in vertical direction	Airflow in horizontal direction	Airflow in vertical direction	
Temperature range		-40 to	+100°C		
Temperature heat-up time	-40°C → +100°C in	60 minutes or less	-30°C → +80°C in	65 minutes or less	
Temperature pull-down time	+25°C → -40°C in	80 minutes or less	+25°C → -30°C in	70 minutes or less	
Temperature uniformity *1	±0.5	5°C	±1.0	D°C	
Allowable heat load	500 W (-30°C v	vhen stabilized)	400 W (-30°C when stabilized)		
Capacity	40	8L	655L		
Inside dimensions *2	W800×H850	0×D600mm	W1100×H850×D700mm		
Outside dimensions *2	W1000×H179	0×D1306mm	W1300×H1790×D1406mm		
Standard equipment	RS-485 communication		on rear), Screw-type door k dicator light (with buzzer), E r shelf bracket and floor)		
Power supply			3φ 30A 1φ 15A		
Weight	400)kg	490	Okg	

Variation from average of the maximum and minimum values from nine temperature uniformity measurement points.

*2 Partial protrusions not included.

Main fittings and options

Status indicator light Standard equipment

Screw-type door lock Standard equipment

Large pressure relief vent Standard equipment

Releases sudden pressure buildup inside the chamber to prevent equipment damage.



Smoke detector / Thermal detector / H₂ detector / CO detector (option)

Ensures obvious displaying of internal chamber temperature and concentrations with respect to set limits.





Air supply/exhaust damper (option)

Introduces outside air into the chamber by replacing the atmosphere using the building's exhaust equipment.

· Air exhaust damper connection port: ϕ 50 mm flange (SUS)





Air exhaust damper Air supply damper

Flameproof rubber Standard equipment

Should the battery explode in the chamber, the flameproof rubber prevents sparks from escaping from the door and ensures the sparks stay inside the chamber.

CO₂ fire extinguisher (option)

Begins injection when the detector reaches the set temp. or when turned ON using the start switch.



Cable port ϕ 100mm×3

Providing a cable port on the rear makes it possible to install the Charge-Discharge System on either side of the chamber. Comes with a cap & a rubber plug.



Rubber plug

- · Spiral-wrapped plug
- For φ100 mm cables Standard equipment



Spiral-wrapped plug

Switches

Emergency stop switch Standard equipment Fire extinguisher start switch Air supply / exhaust damper start switch



Other options

Shelf/shelf bracket [load capacity:50kg]

• Stainless • Resin-coated

Exhaust fan

Floor reinforcement [up to 300kg]

Lever handle safety door lock **Anchoring fixtures** Charge-discharge cable fixed jig

· Ceiling · Rear

3-2 Bench-top Type Temperature (& Humidity) Chamber

In charge-discharge tests, specimens are repeatedly charged and discharged while undergoing prolonged exposure to a uniform temperature environment.

SU/SH Series bench-top chambers are capable of maintaining a stable temperature environment for long periods of time.

These compact test chambers are available with an interior volume of either 22.5L or 60L. They also come in three types that can precisely control temperature range from $-60^{\circ}\text{C}/-40^{\circ}\text{C}/-20^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+150^{\circ}\text{C}$. This allows you to select the optimal test chamber based on the shape and number of batteries.



Bench-top Type Temperature (& Humidity) Chamber

Features

- Special movable stand with vibration-damping brackets allows two bench-top chambers to be stacked one on top of the other for effective use of space.
- Temp. fluctuation is ±0.3°C up to 100°C and ±0.5°C from 100 to 150°C.
- Capable of high temperature control to the upper limit + 180°C. (Option)

Model		SU-222	SU-242	SU-262	SU-642	SU-662	
System				Balanced Tempe	rature Control syste	em (BTC system)	
*	- Temp. range		-20 to +150°C	-40 to +150°C	−60 to +150°C	-40 to +150°C	−60 to +150°C
Temp. performance	Temp. fluctuation		±0.3°C(-20 to +100°C) ±0.5°C(+100.1 to +150°C)	±0.3°C (-40 to +100°C) ±0.5°C (+100.1 to +150°C)	±0.3°C(-60 to +100°C) ±0.5°C(+100.1 to +150°C)	±0.3°C(-40 to +100°C) ±0.5°C(+100.1 to +150°C)	±0.3°C(-60 to +100°C) ±0.5°C(+100.1 to +150°C)
rfori	Temp. rate of Heat up rate		3.2°C /min.	3.2°C /min.	3.2°C /min.	2.9°C /min.	2.9°C /min.
pe	ငhange Pull down rate		2.1°C /min.	2.1°C /min.	2.1°C /min.	1.7°C /min.	1.7°C /min.
Capacity		22.5L			64L		
Inside	dimensions *2		W300×H300×D250mm			W400×H40	0×D400mm

¹¹ The performance values are based on IEC 60068-3-5:2001 for the temperature chamber. Performance fi gures are given for a +23°C ambient temperature, 65%rh, rated power supply and no specimens inside the test area. However, the lowest attainable temperature is given for a max. ambient temperature of +30°C.

^{*} Temperature and humidity models also available.

Heat-up time is the achieved time from lowest temperature to highest temperature within temperature range.

^{*2} Excluding protrusions.

3-3 Constant Climate Cabinet

In charge-discharge tests, specimens are repeatedly charged and discharged while undergoing prolonged exposure to a uniform temperature environment.

These constant climate cabinets are capable of maintaining a stable temperature environment for long periods of time.

They are available with an interior volume of either 105L or 206L and can create a stable temperature environment of between $-20^{\circ}C$ and $+85^{\circ}C$ with a temperature fluctuation of $\pm 1.0^{\circ}C$.

Features

- Can be used with a 100 VAC 15 A power supply.
- Tests can be registered up to 12 steps in program operation and three patterns in constant operation.
- * Temperature and humidity models also available.



Constant Climate Cabinet

Model		LU-114 LU-124		
System		Balanced Temperature Control system (BTC system)		
Temperature control range		−20 to +85°C		
nanc	Temperature fluctuation	±1.0°C		
Performance	Temp. extreme achievement time (Pull down time)	+20 to -20°C Within 130min.		
Ca	pacity	105L	206L	
Ins	de dimensions *2	W500×H600×D390mm	W500×H750×D590mm	

^{*1} The temperature chamber conforms to IEC60068-3-5:2001 and the humidity chamber conforms to IEC60068-3-6:2001 under the conditions of an ambient temperature of +23°C, rated voltage, and no specimen.

^{*2} Excluding protrusions.

3-4 Airborne Test Chamber for Batteries (Low Pressure Low Temperature Chamber)

Airborne test recreates supposed conditions of low pressure during air transportation of devices. This equipment can perform tests according to below standards.

Features

- Magnetic coupling airflow system.
- Thorough safety chamber thanks to various safety measures such as specimen temperature protection, refrigeration circuit protection, etc.

Test standards

- IEC 62133 (JIS C8712)
 Safety requirements for portable sealed secondary cells
- IEC 62281

 Safety of primary and secondary lithium cells and batteries during transport
- UL 1642 Lithium Batteries



Airborne Test Chamber for Batteries

Model	VLC-300
Sytem	Mechanical cascade refrigeration system (water-cooled condenser)
Temperature range	-20°C to +80°C
Temp. fluctuation	±0.5°C
Temp. heat up time	+20°C to +80°C within 60 min.
Temp. pull down time*	+20°C to -20V within 90 min.
Temp. uniformity	+5°C (at +20°C, 11.6kPa)
Pressure control range	93.3kPa to 10.1kPa
Attainment pressure	Below 10kPa
Inside dimensions	W800 × H800 × D700 mm
Capacity	448 L

 $^{^{\}star}\,$ With no load, no specimen, under atmospheric pressure conditions.

^{*} Please ask us for CE-marked product.

3-5 Temperature & Vibration Combined Environmental Test Chamber

This combined test chamber accurately recreates usage conditions of various industrial products such as mobile electronic devices, precision machinery, automotive components, or aircraft, to evaluate the product reliability.

The Temperature & Vibration Combined Environmental Test Chamber carries out tests complying with lithium batteries safety standards. The product lineup offers great variations to be selected according to the test purpose and installation environment.



Temperature & Vibration Combined Environmental Test Chamber

Features

- Capable of performing vibration testing conform to IEC, UN, UL and Electrical Appliances and Material Safety Act standards relating to Li-ion batteries.
- ESPEC suggests system combination of temperature chamber and shaker according to the test purpose, installation environment, and mounting method of specimen.
- The system comes in two nodels with optimized test space, featuring a large viewing window and a programmed instrumentation with interactive input.

Specifications

Chamber

Model	Temp. range	Inside dimensions (W×H×D mm)
PVU-3KP(H)	-40 to +100 (150)°C	600×850×600
PVU-5KP(H)	-40 to +100 (150) C	1000×1000×1000
PVG-3KP(H)	70 to 1100 (150)00	600×850×600
PVG-5KP(H)	−70 to +100 (150)°C	1000×1000×1000

Test standards

- IEC 62133 (JIS C8712)
 Safety requirements for portable sealed secondary cells
- Table 9: Li-ion batteries, Technical Standards for Electrical Appliances and Material Safety Law
- UL 1642 Lithium Batteries
- UN Manual of Test and Criteria, Part III
- IEC 62281

Safety of primary and secondary lithium cells and batteries during transport

Shaker

Model	Force magnitude	Frequency	Max. load capacity*	
V1	120kgf	5 to 4500Hz	66kg	
V2	200kgf	5 10 450002		
V3	2001/of	5 to 4000Hz	116kg	
V4	300kgf	2 to 2000Hz	122kg	
V5S	600kgf	5 to 3000Hz	192kg	
V6S	1000kgf	3 10 30001 12	132kg	
V7S	Tookgi	5 to 2000Hz	120kg	
V8S	1500kgf	5 to 3000Hz	290kg	
V9S	2000kgf	3 10 30001 12		
V10S	3000kgf	5 to 2500Hz	492kg	
S1S	100kgf		66kg	
S2S	200kgf	5 to 4000Hz	116kg	
S3S	300kgf		TTOKS	
S4S	Sookgi	2 to 2000Hz	292kg	
S5S	500kgf	5 to 4000Hz	196kg	
S6S	1000kgf	5 to 3000Hz	192kg	
S7S	Toookgi	5 to 2000Hz	20214	
S8S	1500kgf	5 to 3000Hz	292kg	
S9S	2000kgf	5 to 2500Hz	402ka	
S10S	3000kgf	3 10 23001 12	492kg	

- * For a shaft of ø125xH180mm
- * Please ask us for CE-marked product.

4-1 Advanced Safety Tester

Lithium-ion secondary batteries are adopted wider applications in everything from consumer use to storage and automobiles, and there is greater interest not only in advancing performance testing but also in safety testing.

ESPEC designed the Advanced Safety Tester to perform multiple safety tests under precise temperature environments.



Advanced Safety Tester

Features

- One unit with four functions. Introducing an allin-one safety tester.
- The function elements of the safety tester are in separate modules, enabling flexible system construction and expansion.
- The combination of each unit enables support of batteries from small cells to large packs.
- Constructed with an integrated system using a measurement control unit. This system provides central management of testing operations and minimizes complex operations for performing tests.
- One-stop service provides enhanced product and service quality as well as speed.

Example of system configuration (Example of integrated system) (Example of single test system) Neil penetration Neil penetration Test area Measurement Measurement and and (temperature controi unit controi unit crushing unit crushing unit chamber) External short circuit unit Test area Measurement External short (temperature controi unit circuit unit Overcharge and Test area chamber) forced discharge (temperature power supply chamber) Overcharge and Test area power supply spp power supply spp forced discharge (temperature power supply chamber)

Specifications (example)

Category	Item	Specifications (example)		
Applicable battery		Small capacity cells to laptop battery packs		
	Temperature range	-40 to +100°C		
	Temperature fluctuation	±0.3°C		
Test chamber	Safety devices	 Pressure release vent Forced supply exhaust damper and duct flange Heat detector, smoke detector, CO₂ extinguisher, gas collector 		
Measurement control unit	System	Test chamber, nail penetration, crushing, external short circuit integrated system		
	Monitored items	(Nail penetration, crushing) load, transfer distance, velocity, battery voltage battery temperature (External short circuit) battery voltage, battery temperature		
	Data output	Monitored items can be saved to a CSV file		
	Size of mountable battery	y W245mm×D215×H180mm		
Crushing/nail	Load range	0.4 to 20kN		
penetration unit	Velocity	0.1 to 50mm/sec.		
	Stroke	2 to 200mm		
	Short circuit current	500 A		
External short circuit unit	Circuit resistance	Resistance switching inside unit (1) 5 m Ω or less (resistance short) (2) 10 to 30 m Ω (3) 80 to 100 m Ω		

4-2 Nail (Penetration)/Crush Test System

This system evaluates the safety of batteries suffering internal short circuits caused by penetration by a foreign object or deformity caused by a heavy object.

It consists of a test area equipped with a safety function and a nail (penetration)/crush (mechanical section).

The structure features a design that allows for easy post-test cleaning and maintenance.

The system also supports tests on large battery packs for vehicles.



Features

- The integrated design allows for nail (penetration) and crush tests to be conducted in an accurate temperature environment.
- Supports tests for various standards for differentsized batteries, from (small size) batteries to large battery packs.
- Equipped with safety functions that protect against fire and bursting of the battery, including a door lock, pressure (relief) vent, forced exhaust, and fire extinguisher.
- The chamber structure is designed for easy maintenance and cleaning after testing.
- Viewing window and external camera allow for observation of test progress.
- Pressure and speed can be selected for the nail (penetration)/crush mechanical) section.
- Supports testing of various battery sizes with an automatic lift stage inside the chamber. (optional)
- Supports testing for UN ECE R100.02 Part II requirements.

Example of customized specifications

	Lift system	Hydraulic cylinder	
	Stroke	350mm Min. 1mm step	
Nail (penetration)/	Stop accuracy	Within ±1mm	
crush cylinder section	Load range	1.0kN to 100kN (Consult us for details regarding load range and velocity)	
	Velocity	1 to 100mm/s (Consult us for details regarding load range and velocity)	
Measuring section	Temperature measurement	Supports various types of thermocouples	
	Voltage measurement	-100V to +100V (Consult us for higher voltages)	
	Nail (penetration) section	Analog measurement output	
Test area section	Temperature range	−40 to 95°C	
	Temperature fluctuation	±4.0°C	
	Test chamber interior dimensions	W3000 × H2000 × D3000 mm	
	Safety devices	Gas detector, pressure (relief) vent, forced exhaust system, fire extinguishers	

4-3 External Short Circuit Test System

This test system evaluates the safety of batteries with short circuits between the positive and negative electrodes.

It consists of a test area equipped with a safety function and an external short circuit (mechanical) section.

The structure features a design that allows for easy post-test cleaning and maintenance. The system also supports tests on large battery packs for vehicles.



Features

- The integrated design allows for external short circuit tests to be conducted in an accurate temperature environment.
- Supports tests for various standards for differentsized batteries, from (small size) batteries to large battery packs.
- Equipped with safety functions that protect against fire and bursting of the battery, including a door lock, pressure (relief) vent, forced exhaust, and fire extinguisher.
- The chamber structure is designed for easy maintenance and cleaning after testing.

- Viewing window and external camera allow for observation of test progress.
- Supports a wide range of tests that use variable resistance up to a maximum current of 24,000A.
- Measures the pre-test resistance using a circuit resistance checker.
- Supports testing for UN ECE R100.02 Part II requirements.

Example of customized specifications

External short circuit test section	Short circuit resistance range	5 to 100 mΩ		
	Maximum voltage	500V		
	Allowable current	24,000A (0.1s) 12,500A (0.4s) 2,500A (10s)		
Measuring section	CCD camera	270,000 pixels Max. recording time: 24 hours		
	Data logger	200 Ch (voltage/temperature measurement) Min. measuring time: 10ms		
Test area section	Temperature range	10 to 60°C		
	Temperature fluctuation	±2.0°C		
	Test chamber interior dimensions	W3000×H1800×D3000 mm		
	Safety devices	Gas detector, pressure (relief) vent, forced exhaust system, fire extinguishers		

4-4 Environmental Stress Chamber

These high-power temperature (& humidity) chambers are capable of performing temperature increases for carrying out battery heat testing (5°C/min).

Standard models with large capacities up to 1100 L and rapid temperature change models with selectable temperature change speeds of 10 to 18°C per minute are available.

All models can be used for IEC standard and various automobile-related standard testing.





Environmental Stress Chamber

N	M odel	Temp. & humid. range	Temp. rate of change	Inside dimensions (W×H×D mm)
	ARSF-0250-10		10K/min.	600×830×500
	ARSF-0250-15	−70 to +180°C	18K/min.	000x830x500
	ARSF-0400-10		10K/min.	600×830×800
	ARSF-0400-15	10 to 98%rh	15K/min.	000x830x800
	ARSF-0800-10		10K/min.	1000×980×800
Rapid-Rate Temperature Cycle	ARSF-0800-15		15K/min.	1000x960x600
Type	ARGF-0250-10		10K/min.	600×830×500
71	ARGF-0250-15		18K/min.	000x830x500
	ARGF-0400-10	−70 to +180°C	10K/min.	600×830×800
	ARGF-0400-15	-70 to +180°C	15K/min.	000x830x800
	ARGF-0800-10		10K/min.	1000×980×800
	ARGF-0800-15		15K/min.	1000×980×600
	ARS-0220-J	–75 to +180°C 10 to 98%rh	4 to 6.3K/min.	700×800×400
	ARS-0390-J			700×800×700
	ARS-0680-J			850×1000×800
	ARS-1100-J			1100×1000×1000
	ARL-0680-J	-45 to +180°C		850×1000×800
Ctandard Tuna	ARL-1100-J	10 to 98%rh		1100×1000×1000
Standard Type	ARG-0220-J			700×800×400
	ARG-0390-J	75 to .10000		700×800×700
	ARG-0680-J	−75 to +180°C		850×1000×800
	ARG-1100-J			1100×1000×1000
	ARU-0680-J	45 to +100°C		850×1000×800
	ARU-1100-J	–45 to +180°C		1100×1000×1000

^{*} Rapid-Rate temp. cycle: The performance values are based on IEC60068-3-5:2001 and IEC60068-3-6:2001; Performance figures are given for a +23°C, ambient temperature relative humidity of 65±20%rh, rated voltage, and no specimen inside the test area.

Standard: The performance values are based on IEC60068-3-5:2001 and IEC60068-3-6:2001; Performance figures are given for a +20°C, rated voltage, and no specimen inside the test area.

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